## Growing Kids God's Way

## Summary Outline - Visit 8 - Chapter 8

- I. Respect for Siblings and Peers
  - A. Peers defined

When we refer to peer relationships, we do so from the broadest definition. A peer is one of the same age or dignity. By this definition, your child's peers are those who have common association. Brothers and sisters are included, as well as friends and classmates.

- B. How do you show respect, honor, and honesty to your peers?
  - 1. The Ten Commandments (Exodus 20)
  - 2 "...esteem and regard others higher" (Philippians 2:3)
  - 3. "...forbearing with one another" (Colossians 3:13)
  - 4. "...live honestly before one another" (Romans 12:17)
- C. Where should you begin?
  - 1. "Do not seek revenge or bear a grudge against one of your people, but love your neighbor as yourself. I am the Lord" (Leviticus 19:18).
  - 2. "Whatever other commandment there may be, it is summed up in this one rule: Love your neighbor as yourself" (Romans 13:9).
  - 3. Jesus said to love God with all your heart, with all your understanding, and with all your strength, and to love your neighbor as yourself is more important than all burnt offerings and sacrifices (Mark 12:33).
- D. What does loving your neighbor look like for your child?
  - Do not allow unkind \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 2. Encourage your children to be happy when something \_\_\_\_\_\_ happens to a sibling.
  - 3. Teach your children to respect each other's \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 4. Teach your children \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 5. Teach your children that they are each other's best \_\_\_\_\_\_.

## II. Respect for Property

- A. Ex. 20:15–"Thou shall not steal."
  This verse is a commentary on \_\_\_\_\_\_ property. What does it include?
  - 1. Do not steal another's \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 2. Do not take advantage of a person's \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 3. Do not steal someone else's \_\_\_\_\_.



- 4. Do not steal someone else's good \_\_\_\_\_.
- B. The object of respect

The object of respect is not the property itself. The object of respect is always first and foremost the \_\_\_\_\_\_ who owns the property.

- C. Property vs. Dominion
  - 1. Property defined: That which is tangible and physical and within my \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 2. Dominion defined: That which I am responsible over both in the physical and non-physical realms. It includes property, time, space, and personal rights.
  - 3. Dominion is the \_\_\_\_\_\_ side of ownership; selfishness is the \_\_\_\_\_\_ side of ownership.
  - 4. Dominion sensor
  - 5. Starting with your children at home
- D. Teach the value of property

The only benchmark measuring the value of any commodity is \_\_\_\_\_. Labor defines value.

Labor can be divided into two categories:

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_labor
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_labor
- III. Respect for Nature
  - A. Man's eye for beauty
  - B. Three reasons to respect nature
    - 1. Because \_\_\_\_\_ made it
    - 2. Because of Genesis 1:28–Man is to take \_\_\_\_\_
    - 3. Because of the \_\_\_\_\_ of others

